

Sentry SSO with ADFS

Contents

- 1 Configuring ADFS Support for Sentry
 - ◆ 1.1 Introduction
 - ◆ 1.2 Requirements
 - ◆ 1.3 Configuration Procedure
 - ◇ 1.3.1 In Swivel Core
 - ◇ 1.3.2 In Swivel Sentry
 - 1.3.2.1 Edit settings.properties
 - 1.3.2.2 Application settings
 - 1.3.2.3 Certificates
 - 1.3.2.4 In ADFS Management
 - 1.3.2.4.1 Claims Provider Trust
 - ◇ 1.3.3 Disable Active Directory Authentication
 - ◇ 1.3.4 Implement Sentry Authentication Selectively

Configuring ADFS Support for Sentry

Introduction

This article describes how to configure an ADFS server to use Sentry to replace the standard Active Directory authentication. This allows a suitably configured environment to support Swivel authentication for Office 365, for example.

Requirements

ADFS integration requires version 4.x of Sentry.

Configuration Procedure

In Swivel Core

ADFS requires the username to be in the format domain\username. To do this, you need to create a Swivel attribute that includes the prefix.

In the Swivel admin console, under the repository details for the relevant AD repository, set the domain qualifier to be the short-form domain name, followed by "\" - don't forget the backslash at the end.

- [Status](#)
- [Log Viewer](#)
- ☒ Server
- ☒ Policy
- ☒ Logging
- ☒ Transport
- ☒ Database
- ☒ Mode
- ☒ Repository
 - [Servers](#)
 - [Types](#)
 - [Groups](#)
 - [Attributes](#)
 - [Repos Admin](#)
 - [AD](#)
- ☒ RADIUS
- ☒ Migration
- ☒ Windows GINA
- ☒ Appliance
- ☒ OATH
- ☒ Config Sync
- ☒ Reporting
- [User Administration](#)
- [Save Configuration](#)
- [Administration Guide](#)
- [Logout](#)

Repository>AD

Please enter the details for accessing Active Directory

Hostname/IP:

Username:

Password:

Port:

Allow self-signed certificates:

Synchronization schedule:

Username attribute:

Mark missing users as deleted:

Initial PIN attribute:

Initial password attribute:

Import disabled users:

Import disabled state:

Ignore FQ name changes:

Reformat Phone Number:

Prefix to remove:

Prefix to add:

Add domain qualifier:

Repository Domain Qualifier:

Allow expired passwords:

Under Repository -> Attributes, create an attribute - for example, call it "windowsaccountname". In the definition for the AD repository, put the AD attribute name "sAMAccountName", and under domain qualifier, select "As Prefix".

Name:	<input type="text" value="windowsusername"/>
Phone Number?	<input type="text" value="No"/>
Add repository qualifier?	<input type="text" value="As Prefix"/>
Sync Rule	<input type="text" value="Synchronised"/>
Attribute:	<input type="button" value="Delete"/>
Repos_Admin:	<input type="text"/>
AD:	<input type="text" value="sAMAccountName"/>

Finally, synchronise the AD repository, to ensure that all users have an attribute in the form domain\username.

In Swivel Sentry

Edit settings.properties

NOTE: this step is not usually necessary when using version 4.0.3 or later: the correct settings are chosen automatically for ADFS, and can be overridden in the configuration anyway. This assumes that you have added a domain prefix to the repository, and have created an attribute that uses it.

This file is located under /home/swivel/.swivel/sentry on an appliance. Check the following entries:

- certificateIssuer ? this must be in the form of a valid URI. It is recommended that you use the public URL of Sentry, but it doesn't have to be a real web location.
- windowsaccountnamefield=username. This configures the Swivel attribute field to be used to import the username for ADFS. If you have configured a prefixed attribute above, use the name of that attribute. Otherwise, use an attribute mapped to sAMAccountName without a prefix, and set the prefix below. This latter option is the only possibility for Swivel version 3.10.5 or earlier.
- windowsdomainprefix=domain. This configures the domain name to be prefixed to the ADFS username. If the attribute above already has a prefix, this should be blank. If not, make sure the '?' is included. Do not set a prefix if your attribute is already prefixed.

Application settings

In the Sentry admin console, create a new application with the following settings:

- Service Provider = ADFS
- Endpoint URL = https://<ADFS_HOST>/adfs/ls/
- Entity ID = http://<ADFS_HOST>/adfs/services/trust

Replace <ADFS_HOST> with the public host name of your ADFS server / proxy. Other than that, the format should not be changed: Endpoint URL should have a / on the end, Entity ID should not. Also, note that Entity ID starts with "http", **NOT** "https".

Rules

Applications

Authentication Methods

View IdP Metadata

Keys

Users Active Sessions

User History

Log Viewer

General Configuration

Application Images

SAML Application



Note: The Endpoint URL is used only if the ACS is SAML (Security Assertion Markup Language) n

Name

ADFS

Image

ADFS.png

Points

0

Portal URL

https://<ADFS_HOST>/ad

Endpoint URL

https://<ADFS_HOST>/ad

Entity ID

http://<ADFS_HOST>/ad

Federated Id

windowsusername

Certificates

Ensure that you generate a certificate for Sentry that is current.

In ADFS Management

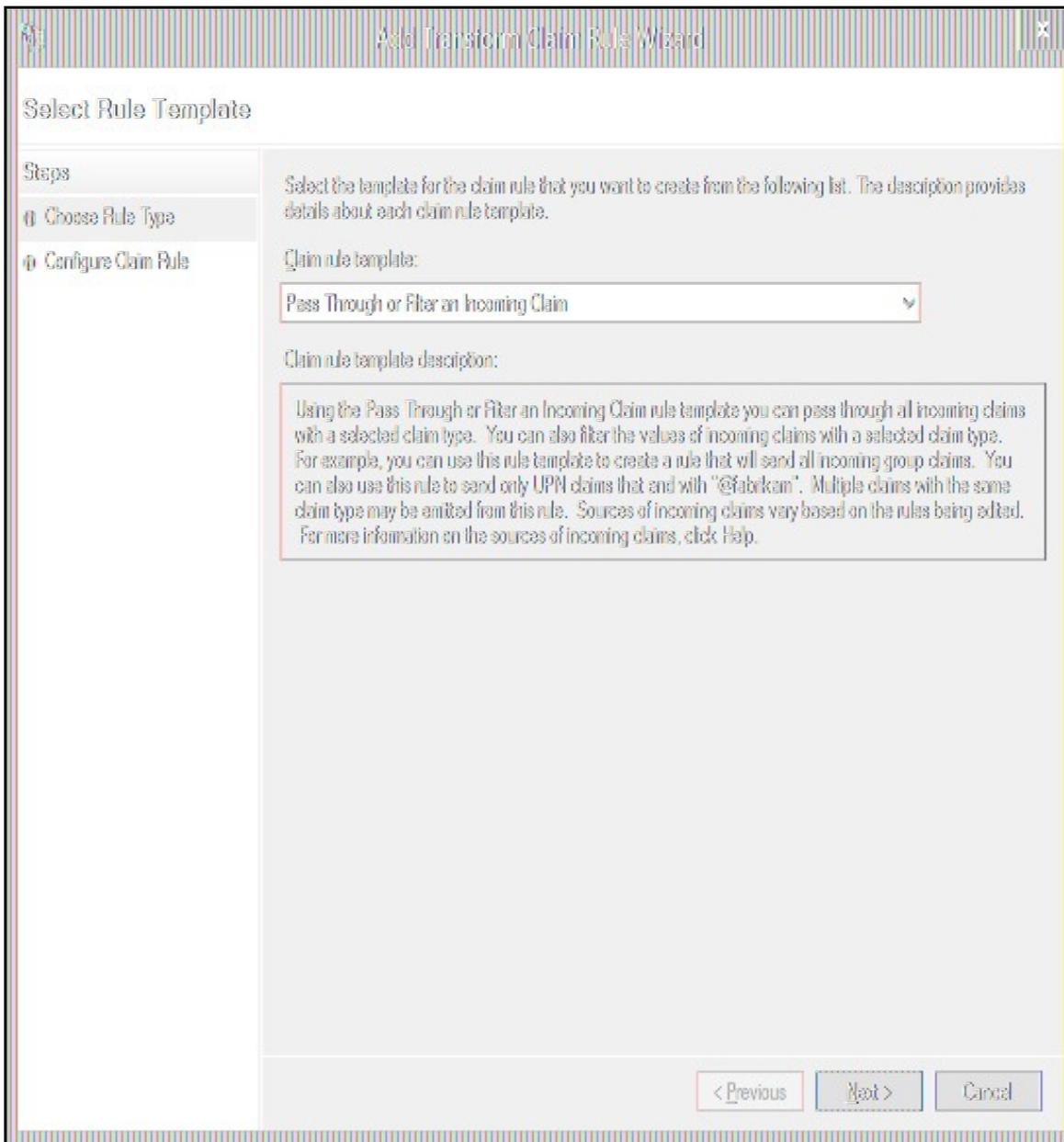
Claims Provider Trust

Create a new Claims provider trust.

The screenshot shows the ADFS Management console with the 'Add Claims Provider Trust Wizard' dialog box open. The wizard is at the 'Select Data Source' step, which is highlighted in the 'Steps' list. The 'Steps' list includes: Welcome, Select Data Source (current), Ready to Add Trust, and Finish. The 'Select Data Source' step has three radio button options:

- Import data about the claims provider published online or on a local network. Use this option to import the necessary data and certificate if the claims provider publishes its federation metadata online or on a local network.
Federation metadata address (host name or URL):
Example: fs.fabrikam.com or https://fs.fabrikam.com/
- Import data about the claims provider from a file. Use this option to import the necessary data and certificate if the claims provider provided its federation metadata in a file.
Federation metadata file location:
- Enter claims provider trust data manually. Use this option to manually input the necessary data about the claims provider.

If you can import the metadata directly from the Sentry URL: that is simplest, but it may not work, due to SSL handshaking issues. In which case, download the metadata to a file



- Incoming claim type = Name ID: it is recommended that you specify the format as Email, and only pass through claims matching your domain suffix.

Add Transform Claim Rule Wizard

Configure Rule

Steps

- 1 Choose Rule Type
- 2 Configure Claim Rule

You can configure this rule to pass through or filter an incoming claim. You can also configure this rule to filter claims that are generated by previous rules. Specify the claim type and whether only some claim values or all claim values should pass through.

Claim rule name:

Rule template: Pass Through or Filter an Incoming Claim

Incoming claim type:

Incoming name ID format:

Pass through all claim values

Pass through only a specific claim value

Incoming claim value:

Pass through only claim values that match a specific gmail suffix value:

Email suffix value:

Example: fabrikam.com

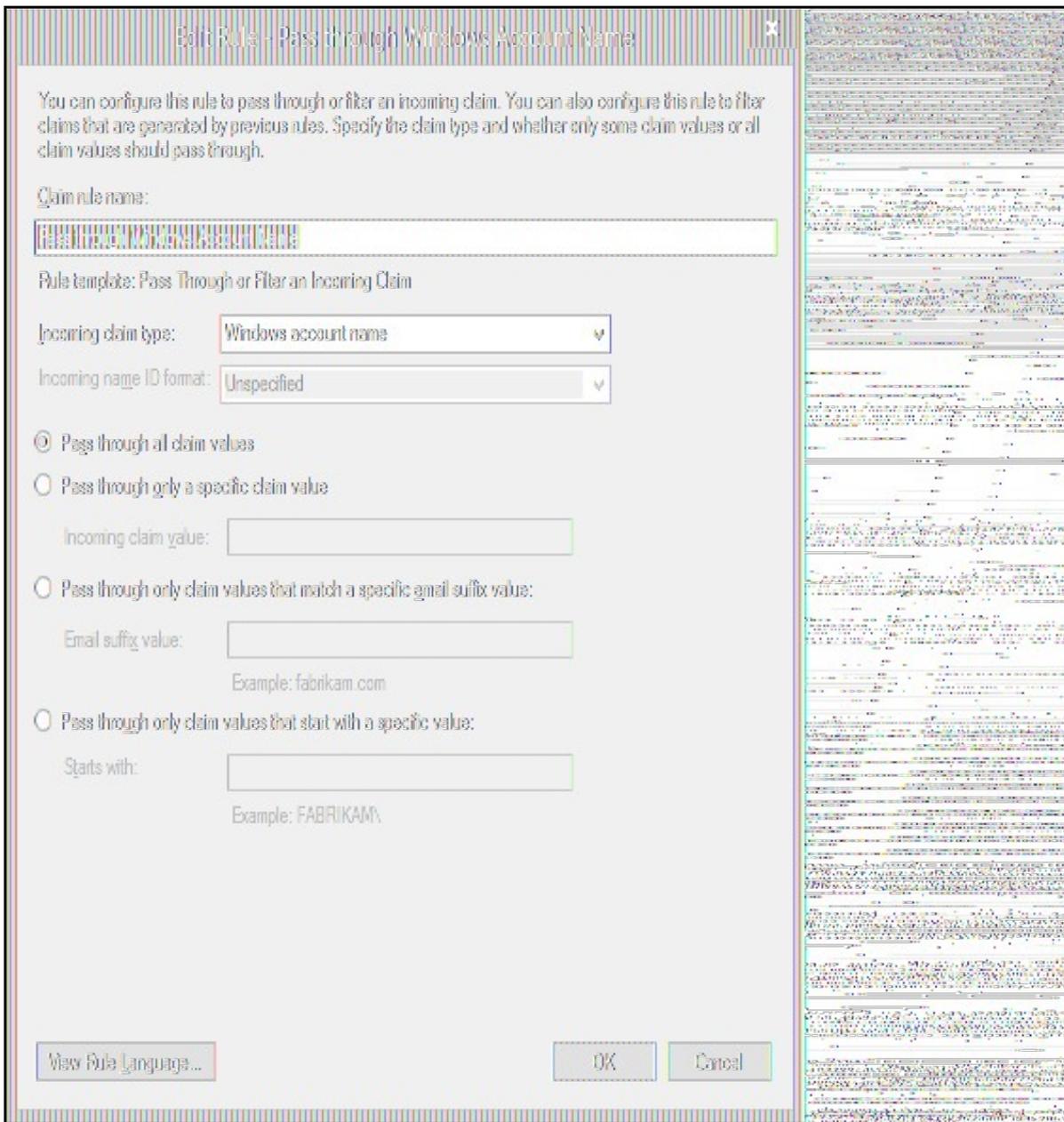
Pass through only claim values that start with a specific value:

Starts with:

Example: FABRIKAM\

< Previous Finish Cancel

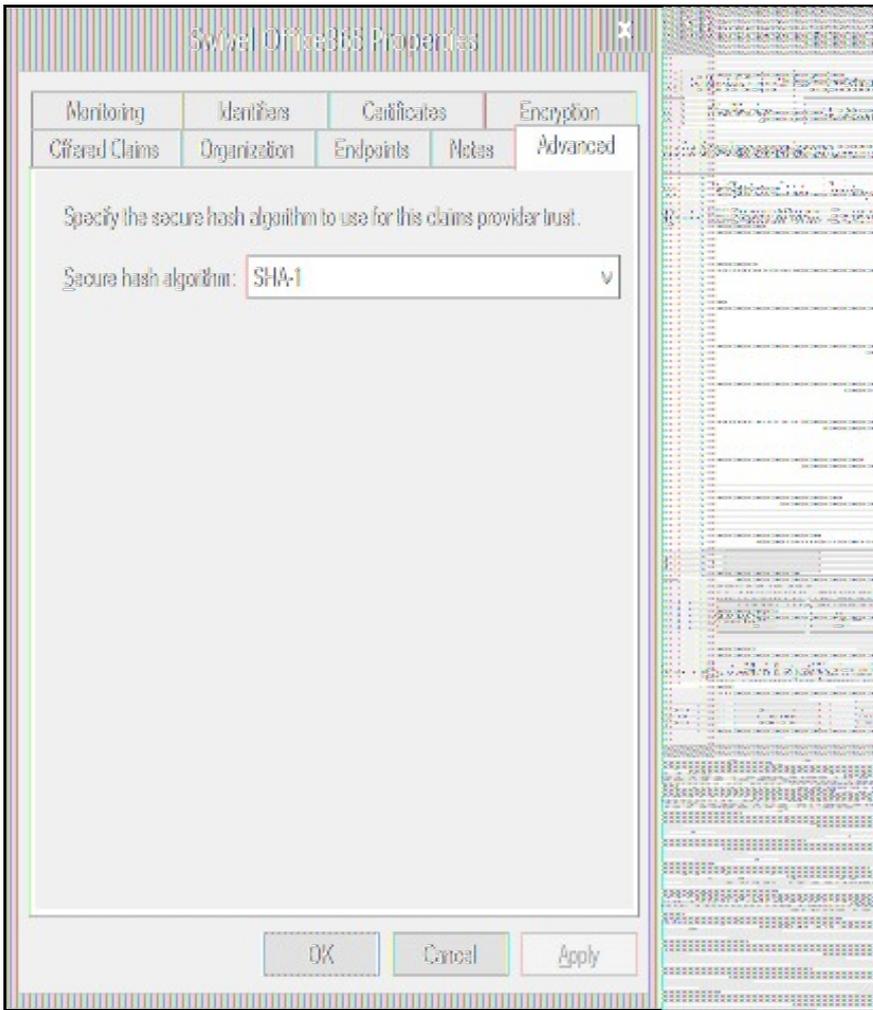
- Incoming claim type = Windows Account Name. There is no need to specify any other restrictions on this claim rule.



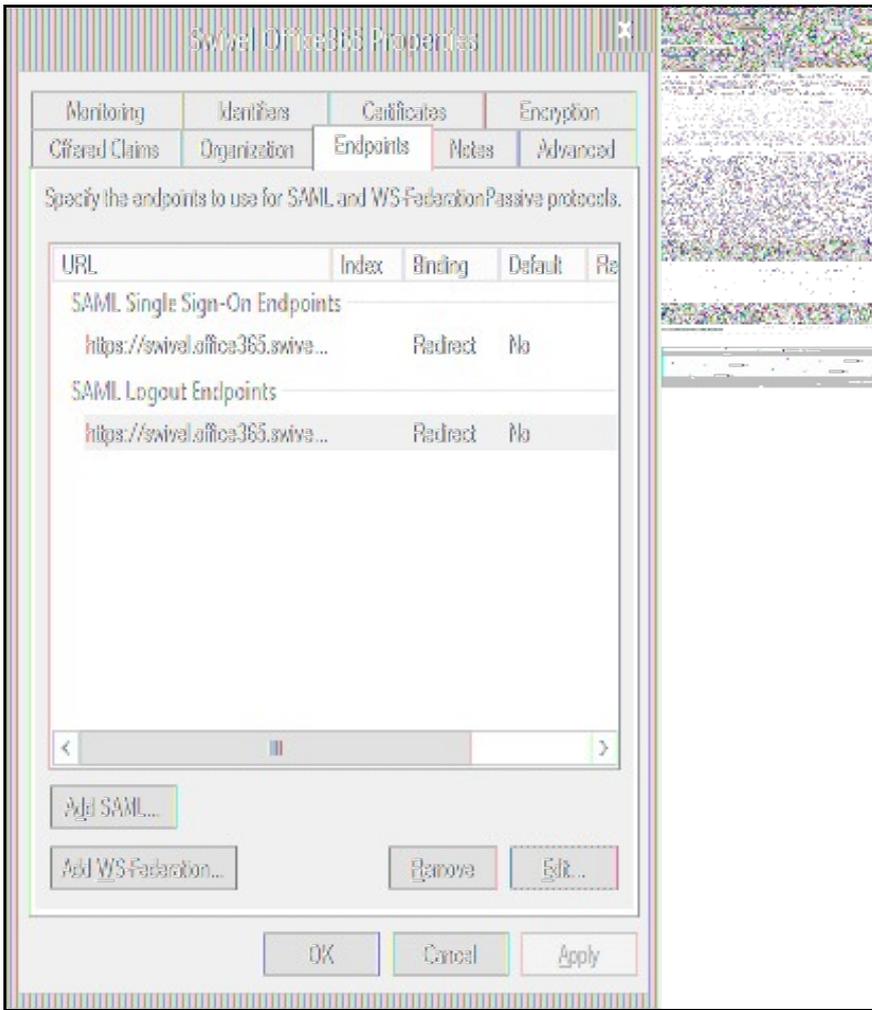
Settings:

You will need to edit the properties of this trust:

- Under Advanced, Secure hash algorithm must match the signing algorithm for the Sentry certificate. Version 4 supports SHA-256, but if you have an older version of Sentry SSO, you must select SHA-1.



- Under Endpoints, there should be two endpoints configured.



If not, create them as follows. If they have been created, check that they match the following. Both are SAML endpoints:

- Endpoint Type = SAML Single Sign-On, Binding = redirect, Trusted URL = https://<sentry_URL>/sentry/saml20endpoint

Endpoint type:
SAML Single Sign-On

Binding:
Redirect

Set the trusted URL as default

Index: 0

Trusted URL:
https://swivel.office365.swivalsecure.com/sentry/saml20endpoint
Example: https://sts.contoso.com/aufrs/ls

Response URL:
Example: https://sts.contoso.com/logout

OK Cancel

- Endpoint Type = SAML Logout, Binding = redirect, Trusted URL = https://<sentry_URL>/sentry/singlelogout, Response URL = https://<sentry_URL>/sentry/singlelogout

Endpoint type:
SAML Logout

Binding:
Redirect

Set the trusted URL as default

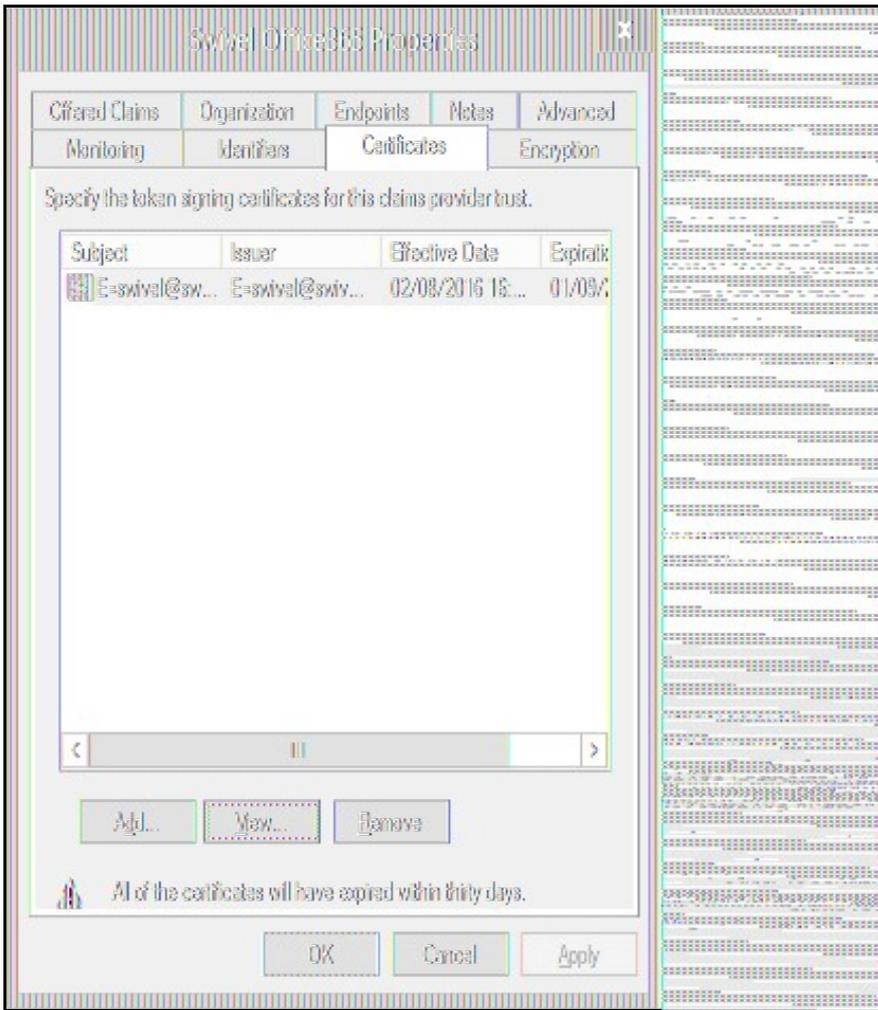
Index: 0

Trusted URL:
https://swivel.office365.swivalsecure.com/sentry/singlelogout
Example: https://sts.contoso.com/aufrs/ls

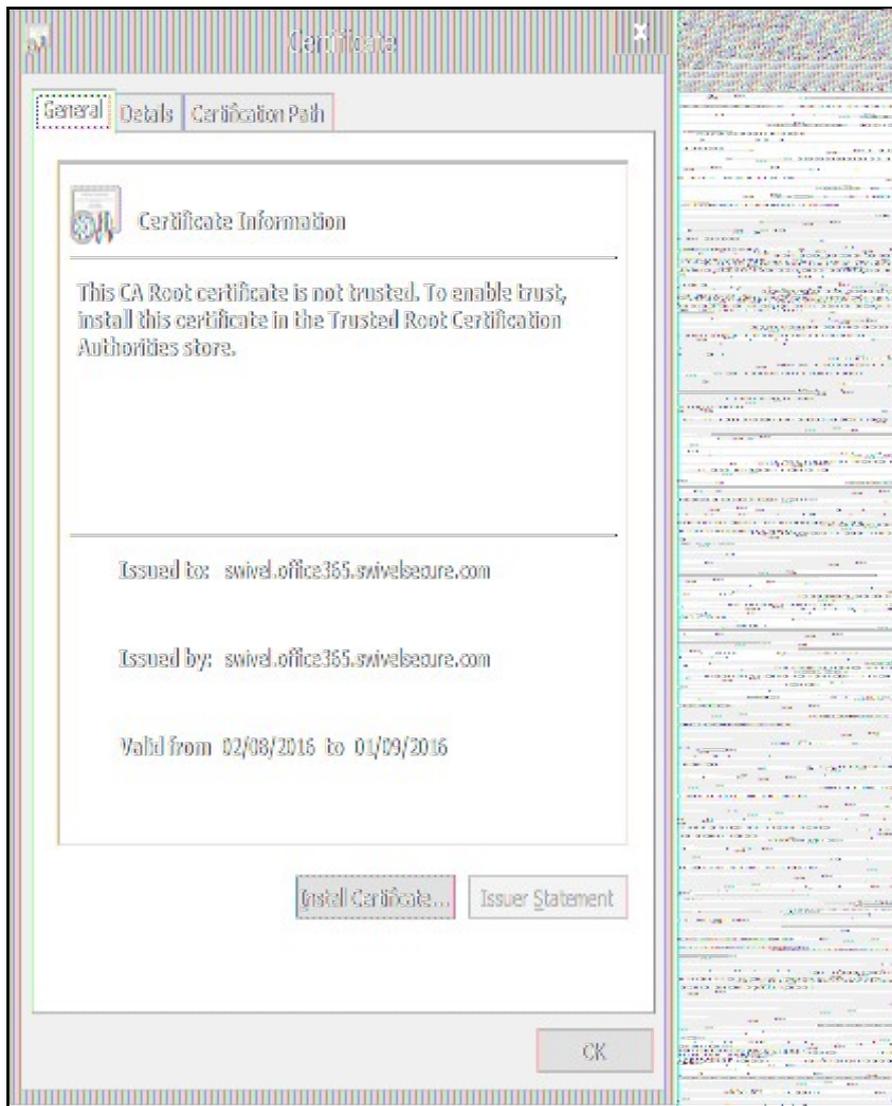
Response URL:
Example: https://sts.contoso.com/logout

OK Cancel

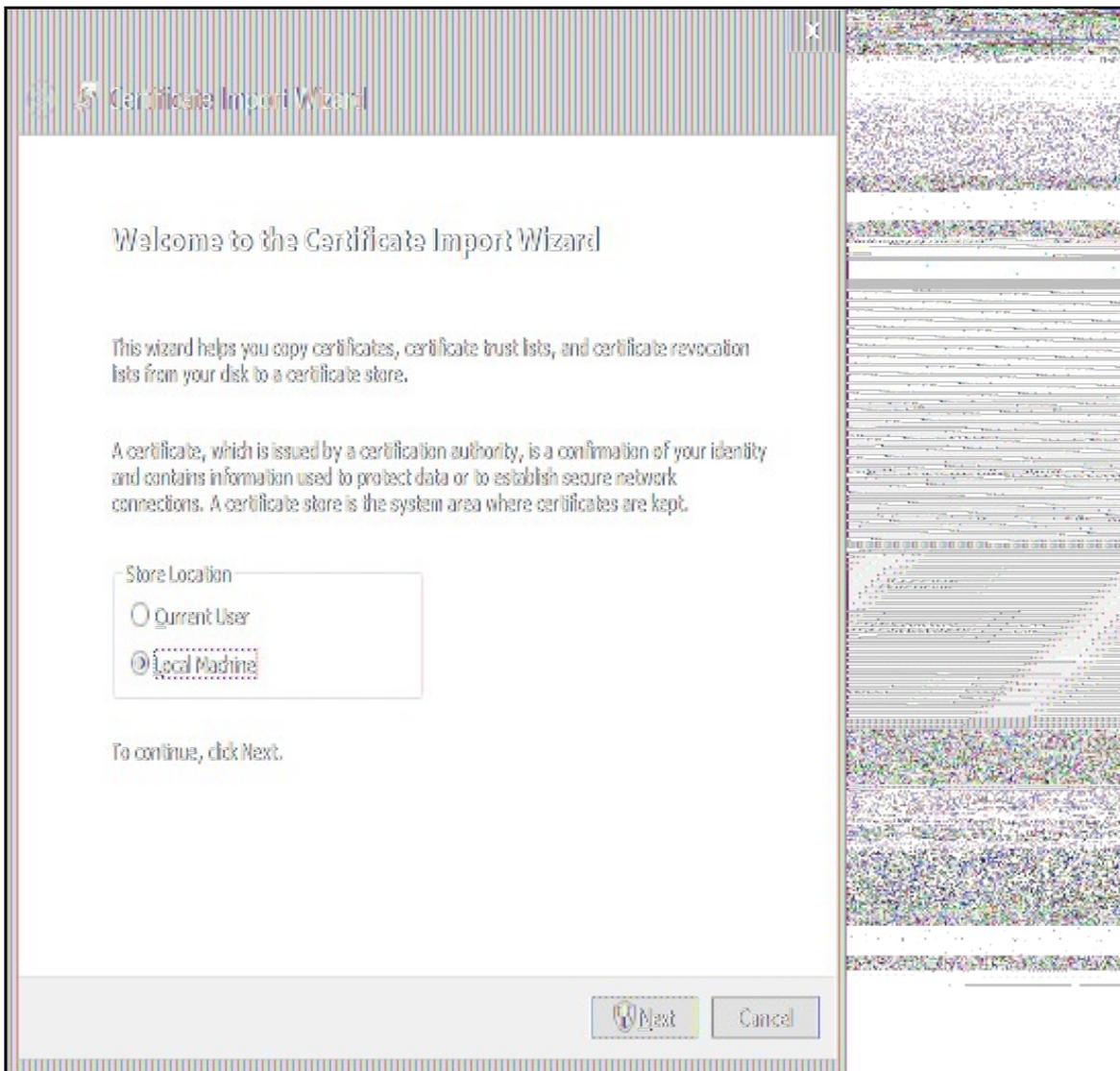
- Under Certificates,



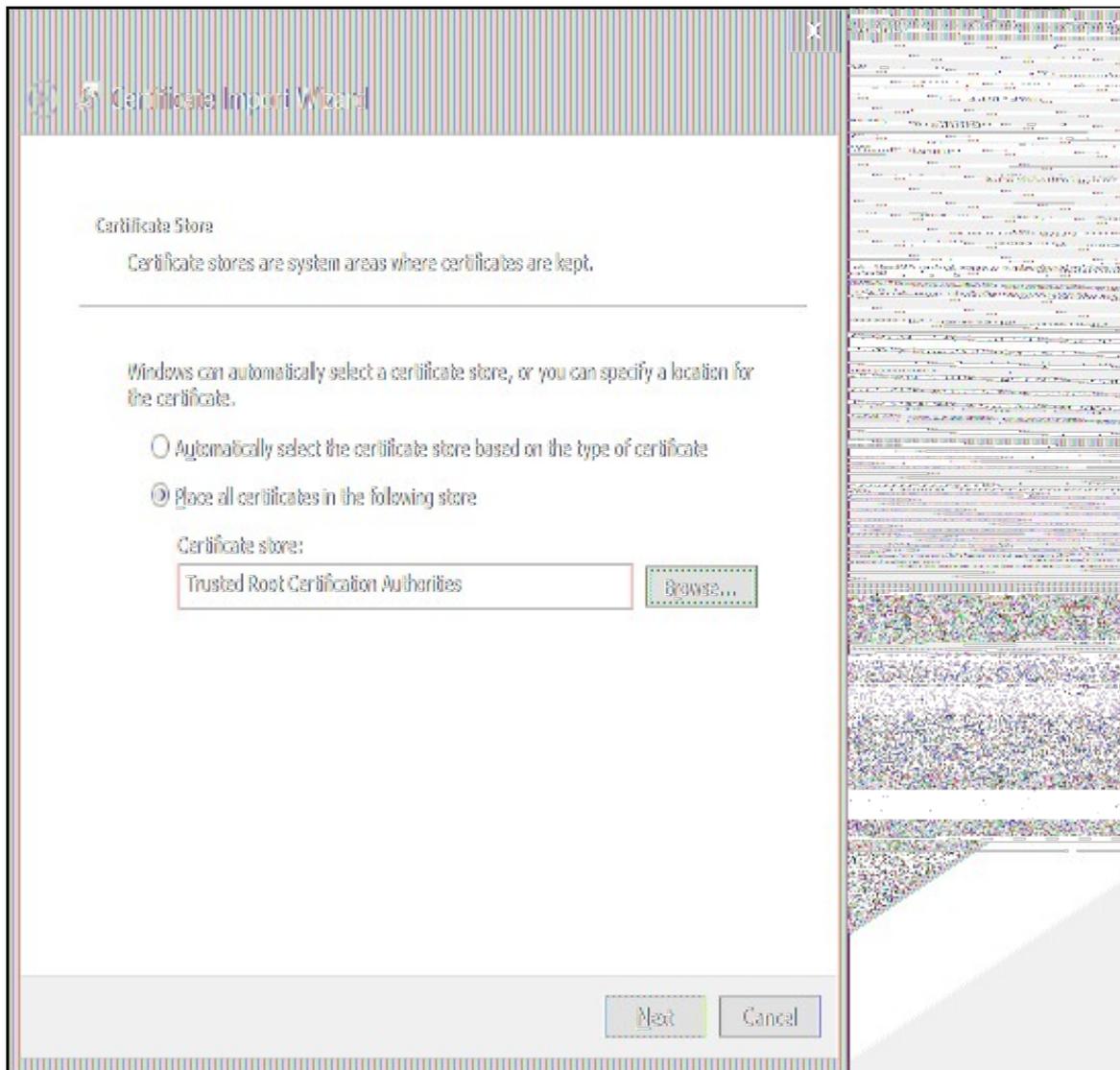
view the imported certificate,



then click on **Install Certificate**.



Select **Local Machine** on the next page,



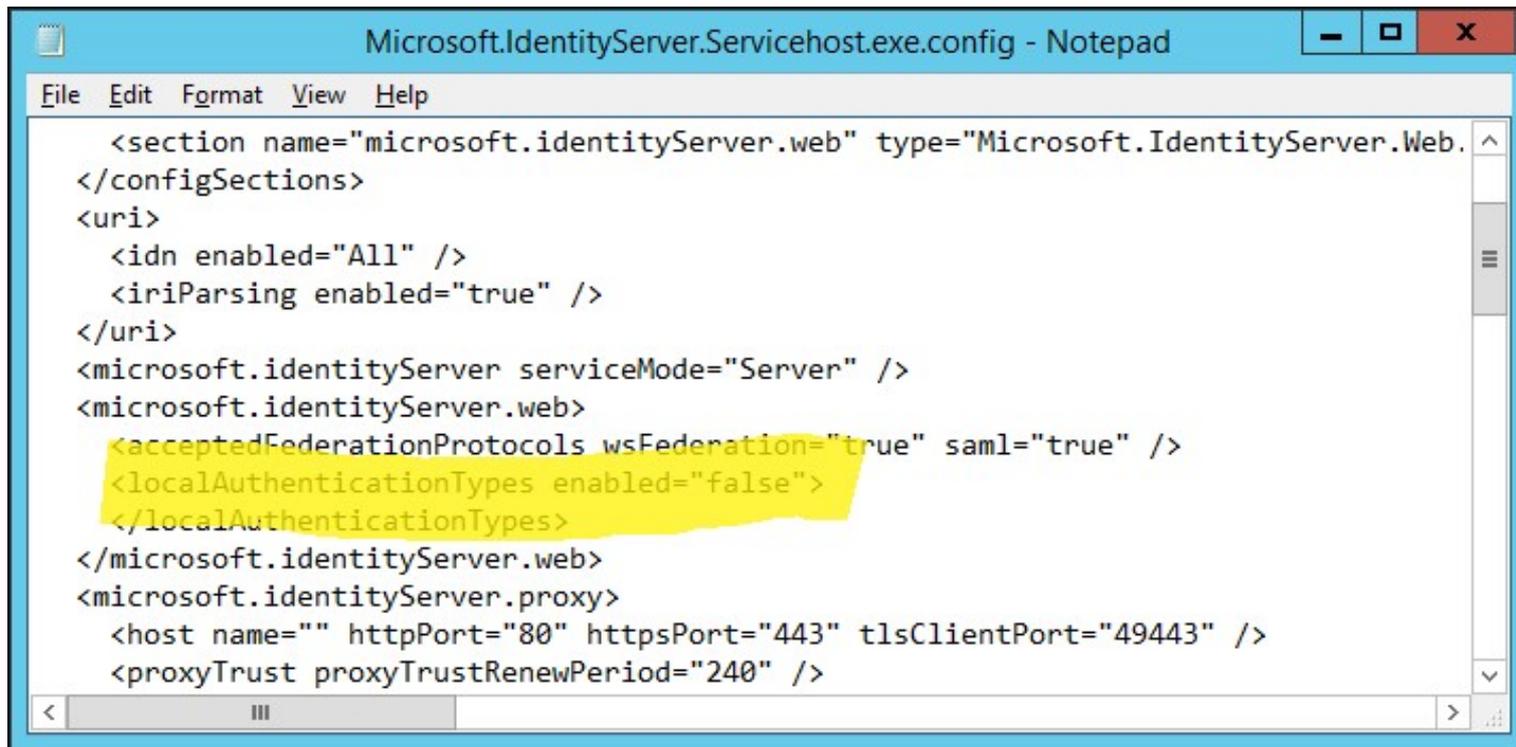
and on the following page, **Place all certificates in the following store**. Browse and select **Trusted Root Certification Authorities**.

Disable Active Directory Authentication

As ADFS is currently configured, you will now have a choice of Active Directory or Swivel authentication. To disable Active Directory authentication:

- Edit C:\Windows\ADFS\Microsoft.IdentityServer.Servicehost.exe.config.

Note that you must open your text editor (for example Notepad) as administrator, or you will not be able to save the changes.



```
Microsoft.IdentityServer.Servicehost.exe.config - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
<section name="microsoft.identityServer.web" type="Microsoft.IdentityServer.Web.
</configSections>
<uri>
  <idn enabled="All" />
  <iriParsing enabled="true" />
</uri>
<microsoft.identityServer serviceMode="Server" />
<microsoft.identityServer.web>
  <acceptedFederationProtocols wsFederation="true" saml="true" />
  <localAuthenticationTypes enabled="false">
</localAuthenticationTypes>
</microsoft.identityServer.web>
<microsoft.identityServer.proxy>
  <host name="" httpPort="80" httpsPort="443" tlsClientPort="49443" />
  <proxyTrust proxyTrustRenewPeriod="240" />
</microsoft.identityServer.proxy>
</microsoft.identityServer>
</configuration>
```

- Search for ?<localAuthenticationTypes? and set enabled to ?false?.
- Restart ADFS.

Implement Sentry Authentication Selectively

If you don't want to use Sentry authentication for all ADFS applications, or in all scenarios, you can use the PowerShell cmdlets to control it. Some examples are given in the following link:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows-server/identity/ad-fs/operations/home-realm-discovery-customization>

Potentially the most useful scenarios would be to bypass Sentry for intranet login:

```
Set-AdfsProperties -IntranetUseLocalClaimsProvider $true
```

or to use Sentry for selected relying parties only:

```
Set-AdfsRelyingPartyTrust -TargetName "Office 365" -ClaimsProviderName @("Sentry SSO")
```